

2021 319 Application Form

General Information

Project Name Lolo Creek	Stream Restoration				
Sponsor Name Lolo Wat	tershed Group				
Registered with the Secret 079251276 Duns #	tary of State?		oes your organization		vith SAM? Y Isurance? Y ✓
	Brighton	Sig	gnatory Travis Ross		
Watershed Coordin	ator/Contractor	Tit	le President of Lolo	Watershed Grou	JP
P.O. Box 1354 Address		Ad	dress 301 W. Alder		
	ate MT Zip Coo	le 59847 Cit	y Missoula	State MT Z	ip Code 59802
Phone Number (406) 53	1-8657	Ph	one Number (406) 2	58-4964	
Email Address heather@	lolowatershed.org	En	nail Address travis@	missoulacounty	'.us
	nature Hather Brighton Signature Juni 1 Ray				
Technical and Administrat	ive Qualifications				
The Lolo Watershed Group the organization. In additional knowledge of the board of their new coordinator. Hea managed DEQ 319 grants of Please see Attachment A for within the conservation are	on to the board of definition of definition of the formaly worked for the Ninemile and the for a list of board me	irectors, the LWG has a us technical and scient d for Trout Unlimited a Bitterroot watersheds mbers and advisory box	n advisory board, whis ific expertise. This pass s a project manager a	ose members su st August, LWG and has successf	upplement the hired Heather Brighton as fully applied for and
Past Projects					
Project Name	Grant or Contract Amount	Funding Entity (entity person, phone, email)		tact	Completion Date
Returning Lolo Creek to a Natural State - Design		Department of Enviror Trum	mental Quality, 319	grant, Eric	Ongoing
Lolo Watershed Capacity Support		Department of Natura Watershed Manageme		-	Ongoing
Riparian Vegetation Restoration at John Creek	\$ 7,400.00	Montana Watershed C	coordination Council,		Completed November 3, 2020

Budget Summary*

		Other Funding	Federal Match	Non-Federal Match	319 Funding Request	Total Cost
	Education and Outreach					
	Project Administration					
	Total					
		Project 1 Name				
	Project Planning					
1	Landowner Agreements, O & M					
Project 1	Project Implementation					
ď	Other Activities					
	Project Effectiveness Monitoring					
	Total					
		Project 2 Name				
	Project Planning					
t 2	Landowner Agreements, O & M					
Project 2	Project Implementation					
	Other Activities					
	Project Effectiveness Monitoring					
	Total					
		Project 3 Name				
	Project Planning					
3	Landowner Agreements, O & M					
Project 3	Project Implementation					
	Other Activities					
	Project Effectiveness Monitoring					
	Total					

Total

^{*}Fields outlined in black <u>on this page</u> will auto-populate from other sections of the application form. Fields outlined in red <u>on this</u> <u>page</u> will not auto-populate. You must manually transfer the information for fields outlined in red.

Education and Outreach

DEQ recognizes that developing good projects often requires a considerable amount of time and effort up front to build relationships and trust with individual landowners and stakeholder groups. To promote the development of future projects, DEQ is encouraging project sponsors to use up to \$5,000 in 319 funding for education and outreach to develop and capitalize on these critical relationships. DEQ encourages applicants to incorporate on-the-ground projects into education and outreach efforts through on-site demonstrations and project tours. 319 funding may not be used to pay for food and beverages, or for honorariums and gifts. Education and outreach activities funded by 319 or used as match for 319 funding must adhere to all of the eligibility requirements outlined in the annual Call for Applications document.

Education and Outreach Deliverables (Identify the education and outreach activities you will engage in and methods you will use to document their completion.)

319 Funding Federal Other Pla	State Cash Match	Local Cash Match	In-Kind Match			
Non-Federal Match Match Source Match Source Secured Match Source Secured Secured						Total Planning Cost
Match Source Secured Match Source Secured		Non-Federal		_		
Match Source Secured	Match Source				Secured	
	Match Source				Secured	
Match Source Secured	Match Source				Secured	
	Match Source				Secured	

^{*}Use this space to record any funding that will be used to support creation of the task deliverables, but will not be reported as match. The purpose of this information is to give application reviewers a clearer understanding of the total amount of funding required to complete a task.

Project Administration

Project administration includes book keeping, invoicing, interim/annual/final report preparation, office supplies, rent, communications, etc. Up to 10% of the total requested 319 funds for your entire application can be used to pay for project administration. However, like all other tasks, payment is by reimbursement for actual expenses incurred.

Project Administration Deliverables (Include interim/mid-year, annual, and final reports, as well as invoicing and office necessities.)

State Cash Match	Local Cash Match	In-Kind Match			
319 Funding Request	Total Non-Federal Match	Federal Match	Other Funding*		Total Planning Cost
Match Source				Secured	
Match Source				Secured	
Match Source				Secured	
Match Source				Secured	

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Project Form

A separate Project Form *(including providing separate attachments)* must be submitted for each project included in your application. Use the following examples to help determine when to lump and when to split projects. For additional assistance, contact Mark Ockey at mockey@mt.gov.

Splitting Examples (fill out multiple Project Forms)

- Stream restoration work occurring on two separate streams, on parcels owned by two separate individuals
- Two projects with significantly different sets of project partners
- Two projects that address substantially different pollution sources (e.g., one project that moves a corral off of a stream, and another to remove mine tailings, with both projects being on the same 800-acre recreational property)

Lumping Examples

- Contiguous stream restoration work spanning multiple land parcels
- 3 projects that address similar sources of pollution on a single land parcel (e.g., moving a corral off a stream, implementing a grazing management plan, and relocating a manure storage facility out of the floodplain, all on the same ranch)
- A mini-grant program designed to address numerous failing septic systems scattered throughout a watershed

Project Name				
Project Location				
Latitude	Longitude			
Latitude	Longitude			
Latitude	Longitude			
12-digit HUC(s) #				
Project site map atta	ached, showing the location of	all proposed on-the-gr	ound restoration	
Project Planning and	Purpose			
Select the Watershed Rest	oration Plan that your project	will help implement.		
Waterbody name from the	2018 List of Impaired Waters			
Probable causes of impairn	nent to be addressed			
Waterbody name from the	2018 List of Impaired Waters			
Probable causes of impairn	nent to be addressed			
<u>or*</u>				
Name of healthy waterbod	y to be protected			
Description of identified th	reat to non-impairment status			
Name of healthy waterboo	dy to be protected			
Description of identified t	hreat to non-impairment statu	S		

*While the majority of the available 319 project funding is dedicated to addressing known impairments, EPA is allowing states to use a limited amount of funding to protect non-impaired waters (healthy waters) from becoming impaired.

Community Participation and Support

Landowner	Contributions to Project	Letter of Support Attached?
Partner	Role	Letter of Support Attached?

Other Community/Stakeholder Support

Project Description Describe the nature and extent of the nonpoint source problem you are trying to address, the root causes of the problem, and your proposed solution.

Is this project a continuation of a previous project? If so, please explain the connection.

Tasks and Budget

DEQ uses a standard template to develop scopes of work for 319 contracts. The tasks below match up with DEQ standard scope of work template. Some tasks might not be applicable to your project. Please leave the non-applicable tasks blank. If your project doesn't fit the task outline, use the task labeled "Other" to describe your project.

Task 1 - Project Planning Deliverables (Include such things as completing project designs, conducting site evaluations, obtaining permits, organizing volunteers, conducting scoping meetings, etc. Identify specific deliverables that will be submitted.)

State Cash Match	Cash Match	Match			
319 Funding Request	Total Non-Federal Match	Federal Match	Other Funding* —		Total Planning Cost
Match Source				Secured	
Match Source				Secured	
Match Source				Secured	
Match Source				Secured	

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Landowner Agreements, Operation and Maintenance

This task only applies to projects involving on-the-ground activities. DEQ periodically evaluates the effectiveness of each on-the-ground project. To accomplish this, DEQ requires a process be in place to allow periodic access to the project site. The landowner agreement should also specify the roles of each project partner in the design, implementation and continued operation of on-the-ground pollution prevention practices. DEQ does not require the use of a specific landowner agreement template. In some situations, existing agreements between the project sponsor and the landowner may be sufficient.

Task 2 - Landowner Agreements, Operation and Maintenance Deliverables (Include such things as landowner/sponsor communication, and draft and final agreements.

State Cash Match	Local Cash Match	In-Kind Match			
319 Funding Request	Total Non-Federal Match	Federal Match	Other Funding* —		Total Planning Cost
Match Source				Secured	
Match Source				Secured	
Match Source				Secured	
Match Source				Secured	

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Task 3 - Project Implementation Deliverables (Include such things as construction oversight, implementation of on-the-ground restoration practices, preparation and submittal of as-built drawings, etc.)

State Cash Match	Local Cash Match	In-Kind Match			
319 Funding Request	Total Non-Federal Match	Federal Match	Other Funding* —		Total Planning Cost
Match Source				Secured	
Match Source				Secured	
Match Source				Secured	
Match Source				Secured	

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Other Activities

Use this task if the activities you are proposing are outside the scope of the typical design/implement/monitor process. Provide sufficient details to enable application reviewers to successfully compare the nonpoint source pollution reduction benefits of your project to those of other projects in the applicant pool.

Task 4 - Project Deliverables (Include activities you will complete and the products you will submit to demonstrate completion.)

State Cash Mat	Local ch Cash Match	In-Kind Match		
319 Funding Request	Total Non-Federal Match	Federal Match	Other Funding* —	Total Planning Cost
Match Source				Secured
Match Source				Secured
Match Source				Secured
Match Source				Secured

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Project Effectiveness Monitoring

The short duration (1-3 years) and limited spatial extent (often just a few hundred yards) of most 319-funded projects frequently precludes the use of traditional water chemistry monitoring as a means of evaluating project effectiveness. Instead, DEQ encourages project sponsors to use simpler, more qualitative tools. Typically, this will include pre- and post-construction photo point monitoring, vegetation mortality measurements, and perhaps modeling to estimate pollution load reductions. Please contact one of the DEQ Nonpoint Source Program staff for guidance relative to your specific project.

Task 5 - Project Effectiveness Monitoring Deliverables (Identify the specific tools and products you will use to evaluate and demonstrate the effectiveness of your project in reducing nonpoint source pollution.)

State Cash Mato	Local h Cash Match	In-Kind Match			
319 Funding Request	Total Non-Federal Match	Federal Match	Other Funding* —		Total Planning Cost
Match Source				Secured	
Match Source				Secured	
Match Source				Secured	
Match Source				Secured	

^{*}Use this space to record any funding that will be used to support creation of the task deliverables, but will not be reported as match. The purpose of this information is to give application reviewers a clearer understanding of the total amount of funding required to complete a task.

Water Quality Benefits and Sustainability

Explain why the project is an appropriate next step for making progress towards removing a pollutant/waterbody combination from Montana's 2018 Impaired Waters List or preventing a healthy waterbody from becoming impaired?
Will your project address a major local source of nonpoint source pollution? Explain.
Describe the long-term, sustainable benefits your project will have on water quality.
Explain how your project will promote self-maintaining natural, ecological, and social processes that protect water quality.

Nonpoint Source Goals and Success Metrics

Nonpoint source pollution goal

Action that will be taken to reach the goal

Metric used to measure success

Project Education and Outreach Describe the educational benefits of your project. Will the project inspire additional nonpoint source pollution prevention work within the watershed? **Bigger Picture Benefits** Describe your project's benefits to each of the items below. If there are no associated benefits, type "NA" for "not applicable". Benefit to additional natural resources (e.g. native fisheries, threatened and endangered species, wetlands, etc). Addressing climate resiliency and hazard mitigation.

Provides direct public recreational access or aesthetic benefit.

Reduces pollutant loading above a permitted point source in a manner that could contribute to future economic benefit for a downstream Montana community.
Directly helps protect a drinking water source.
Benefit to socially disadvantaged populations.
Additional Attachments
Attach additional items that could help reviewers better understand your project. Items could include site photos, design drawings, site evaluations, permits, etc. Please be conscious of reviewers' time, as they may not have time to read lengthy studies and reports. List all additional attachments below.

Appendix

Letters of Support
Preliminary Design
Preliminary Budget
Maps

TO: Kascie Herron Lolo Watershed Group P.O. Box 1354 Lolo, MT 59847

FROM: Marie Ann Zens Kimerly 17155 Lolo Creek Road Lolo, MT 59847

RE: Letter of Support for Reducing Sediment and Promoting a Healthy Lolo Creek

I am a landowner on approximately 3,300 feet of Lolo Creek. I would like to support improvements to water quality, fisheries habitat, riparian condition and stream channel stability on this reach of Lolo Creek. Conserving fish and wildlife habitat is important to my land management.

The Lolo Creek Sediment Reduction Project led by Lolo Watershed Group (LWG) is proposing restoration along the entirety of Lolo Creek through my property, but in a phased approach. This specific project aims to prioritize the lower stretch of creek, by allowing for natural floodplain reconnection and channel meandering that historically moved freely during high and low water events. This project would reduce fine sediments, increase connectivity, enhance aquatic habitat and increase ecological function of the riparian and floodplain corridor. I support this project and will coordinate with LWG, DEQ, Fish Wildlife and Parks, and contractors on granting permission for access to the site.

Thank you,

Marie Ann Zens Kimerly

Marie And Bens Kimerly



RE: Letter of support for the Lolo Watershed Group DEQ 319 Nonpoint Source Fall 2020 funding application

To Whom It May Concern:

I am writing on behalf of the Clark Fork Coalition in support of the Lolo Watershed Group's application for 319 nonpoint source funding to design and implement projects along the creek to address the negative impacts of sediment on the creek.

The Lolo Watershed Group has been active in the community for nearly 15 years, implementing various planting projects each year for the past five years on private property. The proposed larger scale channel restoration project will be a positive step forward for Lolo Creek and the LWG in their mission to restore and protect the watershed.

In addition to implementing projects, the LWG has conducted extensive outreach to the local community, including agency partners like the Forest Service, as well as private landowners along the creek. They have proven themselves to be a reliable partner, and an organization that accomplishes quite a lot with very few resources.

As an advisory board member for the LWG and PM for the Clark Fork Coalition, I support their application for 319 funding to continue addressing nonpoint sources of pollution into Lolo Creek, and implementing projects that improve water quality.

Sincerely,

Jed Whiteley

Project Manager, Clark Fork Coalition

PO Box 7593 Missoula, MT 59807

T: 406.542.0539 F: 406.542.5632

www.clarkfork.org

Forest Service

November 9th, 2020

Hanna Reidl Water Quality Planning Bureau Department of Environmental Quality P.O. Box 200901 Helena, MT 59620-0901

Dear Ms. Reidl,

I am writing in support of the Lolo Watershed Group's application for 2020 319 nonpoint source funding for implementation of their Lolo Creek Sedimentation Reduction Project on the Zen ranch. The Lolo Watershed Group has been active in the community for nearly 15 years. Over the past five years, their restoration focus has centered on successfully implementing various riparian and post-fire planting projects on private property. The shift in focus to this larger scale channel restoration project will be a positive step forward for Lolo Creek and a full realization of LWG's mission to restore and protect the watershed.

In addition to implementing projects, the LWG has conducted extensive outreach to the local community, including agency partners like the Forest Service, as well as private landowners along the creek. They have proven themselves to be a reliable partner, and an organization that accomplishes quite a lot with very few resources.

Lolo Creek is classified as impaired due to sedimentation. The Lolo Creek Watershed Restoration Plan focuses on opportunities for improving cold-water fisheries, habitat for aquatic life, and the reduction of sedimentation. The Lolo Creek Sediment Reduction Project proposes restoration of 3300' of Lolo Creek through the Zen ranch; a ranch that has been in the same family for three generations. This project is broken up into three phases, with the first phase prioritizing the lower stretch of the creek. The goals of this phase are to allow for natural floodplain reconnection, restore channel form by increasing meandering, and narrowing the channel to a more natural width/depth ratio. This project would reduce fine sediments, increase connectivity, enhance aquatic habitat and increase ecological function of the riparian and floodplain corridor.

The main stem of Lolo Creek has been significantly modified but traditionally supported high water quality and a great fishery. The proposed project is one major opportunity to restore more natural stream, riparian, and wetland function to a significant reach by partnering with a private landowner. Partnerships with private landowners are elusive and often beyond the scope of work that can be pursued by agencies such as the Forest Service, yet they often provide great benefit to the resource and the community. If this project is implemented successfully, it may generate other, similar opportunities on adjacent properties. In that context, it is a significant opportunity that warrants strong consideration for funding.





As a proponent of Lolo Creek restoration and a steward of Western Montana's waters, I give my full support for Lolo Watershed Group's Lolo Creek Sediment Reduction Project, Phase I.

Sincerely,

/s/Traci Syste

Traci L. Sylte Fish, Water, and Soils Program Manager Lolo National Forest



THE **OUTSIDE** IS IN US ALL.

Region 2 Headquarters 3201 Spurgin Road Missoula, MT 59804 Phone 406-542-5500 October 16, 2019

Water Quality Planning Bureau
Attn: Hannah Riedl
<a href="Department of Environmental Quality P.O. Box 200901
Helena, MT 59620-0901

Dear Ms. Riedl:

Please accept this letter of support for Lolo Watershed Group's funding application related to stream enhancement work on main stem Lolo Creek near Missoula. The application requests funding under the Clean Water Act Section 319 Nonpoint Source (NPS) Program administered by the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ).

The main stem of Lolo Creek is a highly modified, main stem stream reach that traditionally supported high water quality and a great fishery. The proposed project involves one major opportunity to restore more natural stream, riparian, and wetland function to a significant reach on private property. If this project is implemented successfully, it may generate other, similar opportunities on adjacent properties. In that context, it is a significant opportunity that warrants strong consideration for funding.

Please give Lolo Watershed Group's application strong consideration and feel free to contact me if you would like more information related to aquatic resources in the Lolo Creek watershed.

Sincerely,

William Ladd Knotek

Fisheries Management Biologist

LOLO CREEK - ZENS RESTORATION PROJECT

30% PRELIMINARY DESIGN

PROJECT PARTNERS:



307 STATE ST. HAMILTON, MT 59840 406.363.2353



WHITEFISH, MT 59937



ZENS **FAMILY**

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

LOLO CREEK IS A TRIBUTARY TO THE BITTERROOT RIVER LOCATED NEAR LOLO, MONTANA. LOLO CREEK AND MANY OF ITS TRIBUTARIES ARE LISTED AS IMPAIRED WATERBODIES BY THE MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY (DEQ). UPPER AND MIDDLE LOLO CREEK ARE ON THE 303(D) LIST FOR SEDIMENT AND TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOAD (TMDL) VALUES HAVE BEEN DEVELOPED AS TARGETS FOR SEDIMENT DELIVERY TO THE STREAM.

IN 2013, THE LOLO WATERSHED GROUP (LWG) AND PARTNERS COMPLETED THE LOLO CREEK WATERSHED RESTORATION PLAN (WRP). THE PURPOSE OF THE LWG'S WRP WAS TO DEVELOP A 5-10 YEAR PLAN TO ACHIEVE CONSERVATION AND RESTORATION GOALS IN THE LOLO CREEK WATERSHED. THE WRP DESCRIBES THE FOLLOWING AS PRIMARY ISSUES FOR FISHERIES, WILDLIFE AND WATER/QUALITY QUANTITY IN THE WATERSHED:

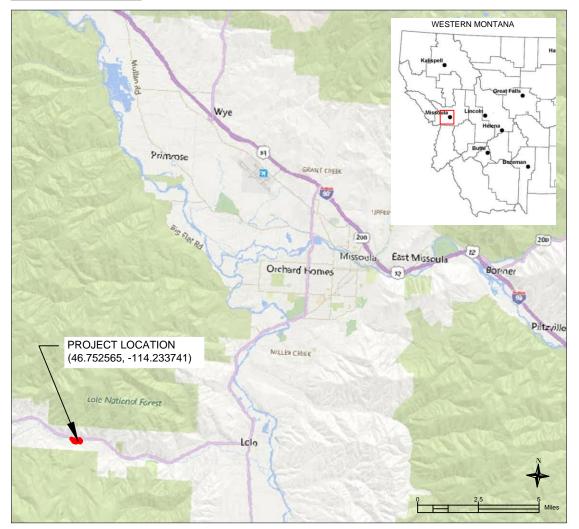
- LOSS OF CREEK MEANDERS DUE TO CHANNELIZATION AND CONFINEMENT BY ARMORING
- LACK OF WOODY DEBRIS AND DIMINISHED WETLANDS
- DEWATERING AND FISH BARRIERS

AS A RESULT, THE LOLO WATERSHED GROUP TEAMED WITH GEUM ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTING (GEUM) TO IDENTIFY POTENTIAL RESTORATION PROJECTS WITHIN THE WATERSHED THAT WOULD MEET WRP GOALS. THE SECTION OF LOLO CREEK RUNNING THROUGH THE ZENS PROPERTY WAS SELECTED AS HAVING HIGH POTENTIAL TO MEET BOTH LWG AND DEQ GOALS FOR LOLO CREEK. THIS PROJECT INCLUDES A SERIES OF RESTORATION ACTIONS DESIGNED TO MAXIMIZE CHANNEL AND FLOODPLAIN FUNCTION BY INCREASING CHANNEL AND FLOODPLAIN DIVERSITY AND CONNECTIVITY.

SHEET INDEX:

- **COVER SHEET**
- **EXISTING CONDITIONS**
- **RESTORATION PLAN OVERVIEW**
- **EXISTING VS. PROPOSED CONDITION**
- PLANVIEW STRUCTURE LAYOUT AND PROFILE
- PLANVIEW STRUCTURE LAYOUT AND PROFILE
- CHANNEL CROSS SECTION DIMENSIONS
- **REVEGETATION PLAN** 6.0
- LARGE WOOD STRUCTURE DETAIL 7.1
- VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX DETAIL
- 7.3 CONSTRUCTED CHANNEL BED DETAIL
- BEAVER DAM ANALOG AND SIDE CHANNEL DETAIL
- FLOODPLAIN TREATMENT DETAIL
- BMP DETAILS
- MATERIALS AND QUANTITIES

VICINITY MAP:



DATUM: NAD 83 PROJECTION: MT SP

DATA SOURCES: 2020 BING MAP

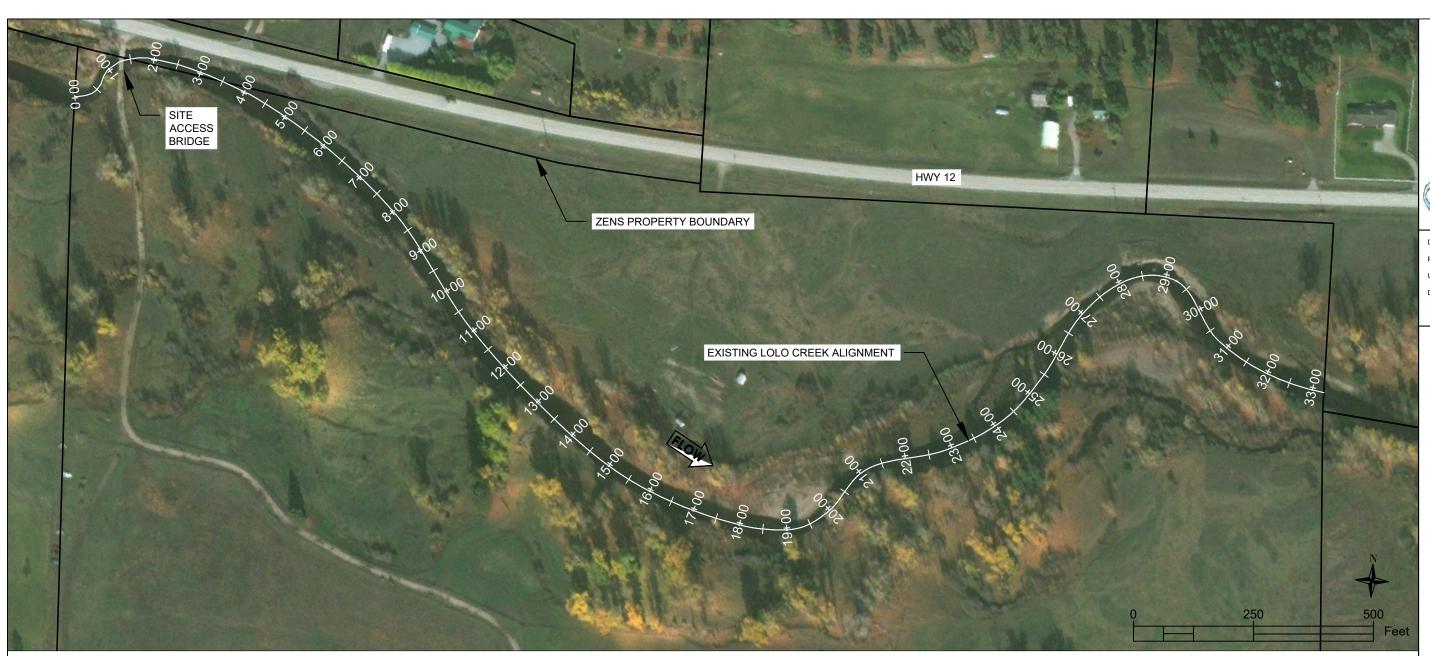
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COVE

ZENS F LOLO, N

DRAWN BY: GELIM AND RDG DESIGNED BY: GEUM AND RDG DATE: NOVEMBER 2020



EXISTING CONDITIONS

LOLO CREEK FLOWS INTO THE BITTERROOT RIVER NEAR LOLO, MONTANA. THE ZENS PROPERTY INCLUDES APPROXIMATELY 3,000 LINEAR FEET OF LOLO CREEK. ELEVATION RANGES FROM 3,465 FEET AT THE UPSTREAM END OF THE PROPERTY TO 3,447 FEET AT THE DOWNSTREAM END OF THE PROPERTY. THE BASIN AREA UPSTREAM OF THE ZENS PROPERTY IS 224.5 SQUARE MILES. THE WATERSHED HAS BEEN SUBJECT TO NUMEROUS DEVELOPMENTS, INCLUDING RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT, ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION, CONVERSION OF FLOODPLAIN FOR AGRICULTURAL USE, TIMBER HARVEST, BEAVER REMOVAL, AND WATER DIVERSIONS, THAT HAVE IMPAIRED LOLO CREEK. SEVERAL MEANDERS OF LOLO CREEK WERE CUT OFF FOR CONSTRUCTION OF HIGHWAY 12.

THE UPPER 250 FEET OF LOLO CREEK ON THE ZENS PROPERTY FLOW ALONG HIGHWAY 12 AND ARE STABILIZED BY RIPRAP. DOWNSTREAM OF THE ACCESS BRIDGE TO THE PROPERTY, THE CHANNEL IS STRAIGHTENED AND OVER-WIDENED CONSISTING OF A LONG, SHALLOW RIFFLE WITH LITTLE INSTREAM COVER. THE PROPERTY INCLUDES EXTENSIVE HISTORIC FLOODPLAIN AREA, SOME OF WHICH HAS BEEN DISCONNECTED THROUGH RIPRAP AND LEVEE CONSTRUCTION. RIPARIAN VEGETATION CONSISTS OF POCKETS OF DIVERSE RIPARIAN VEGETATION, SUCH AS WILLOWS AND COTTONWOODS, IN DEPOSITIONAL AREAS ALONG THE EXISTING CHANNEL, WITH MATURE COTTONWOOD AND CONIFERS AND WEEDY HERBACEOUS VEGETATION IN HIGHER ELEVATION AREAS. THE DOWNSTREAM MOST MEANDER ON THE PROPERTY IS ACTIVELY ERODING INTO A LOW TERRACE.

THE PRIMARY IMPAIRMENTS TO LOLO CREEK ON THE ZENS PROPERTY INCLUDE:

- CHANNEL CONFINEMENT WITH RIPRAP AND CHANNEL STRAIGHTENING
- REDUCED FLOODPLAIN CONNECTIVITY
- CHANNEL OVER-WIDENING
- LOSS OF AQUATIC HABITAT DIVERSITY (POOLS AND WOODY DEBRIS)
- REDUCED RIPARIAN VEGETATION COVER
- ACCELERATED STREAMBANK EROSION

LOLO CREEK ZENS PROPERTY STREAM CHARACTERISTICS

DRAINAGE AREA	224.5 SQUARE MILES
MEAN/ANNUAL PRECIPITATION	39.0 INCHES
FOREST COVER	82.9%
BASEFLOW DISCHARGE	50-150 CFS
EST. BANKFULL DISCHARGE (Q1.5)	700-800 CFS
VALLEY GRADIENT	.024 FT/FT
CHANNEL GRADIENT	.006 FT/FT
EXISTING STREAM TYPE	C4
MAXIMUM ELEVATION	3464.5
MINIMUM ELEVATION	3447.0

DATUM: NAD 83 PROJECTION: MT SP UNITS: US FOOT DATA SOURCES: 2020 BING IMAGERY

CONDITIONS ZENS RESTORATION LOLO, MONTANA EXISTING

PROJECT

LOLO CREEK

DRAWN BY: GEUM AND RDG DESIGNED BY: GEUM AND RDG DATE: NOVEMBER 2020

IN 2013. THE LOLO WATERSHED GROUP (LWG) AND PARTNERS COMPLETED THE LOLO WATERSHED RESTORATION PLAN (WRP) WHICH IDENTIFIES A 5-10 YEAR PLAN TO ACHIEVE CONSERVATION AND RESTORATION GOALS IN THE LOLO CREEK WATERSHED. THE WRP DESCRIBES THE FOLLOWING ISSUES FOR FISHERIES. WILDLIFE AND WATER QUALITY/QUANTITY IN THE WATERSHED: LOSS OF CREEK MEANDERS DUE TO CHANNELIZATION AND CONFINEMENT BY ARMORING; LACK OF WOODY DEBRIS AND DIMINISHED WETLANDS; AND DEWATERING AND FISH BARRIERS.

THE LOLO WATERSHED RESTORATION PLAN INDICATES THAT ACTIVITIES IN LOLO CREEK SHOULD INCLUDE EFFORTS TO REACH THE DIVERSE OWNERSHIP AND OTHER STAKEHOLDERS THROUGH EDUCATION, OUTREACH AND STEWARDSHIP ACTIVITIES TO HELP REALIZE THE WATERSHED GROUP'S VISION OF DROUGHT MANAGEMENT. SURFACE AND GROUND WATER QUANTITY IMPROVEMENT, WEED REDUCTION, HEALTHY AND WELL ESTABLISHED STREAMSIDE VEGETATION, PROPER STREAM STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION, AND REDUCTION IN FISH ENTRAINMENT IN IRRIGATION DITCHES. THE ZENS PROJECT HELPS THE LOLO WATERSHED GROUP MEET SEVERAL ASPECTS OF ITS VISION FOR THE WATERSHED.

• THE GOAL FOR RESTORATION AT THE ZENS PROPERTY IS TO MAXIMIZE CHANNEL AND FLOODPLAIN FUNCTION BY INCREASING CHANNEL AND FLOODPLAIN DIVERSITY AND CONNECTIVITY BETWEEN THE CHANNEL AND THE FLOODPLAIN. A SECONDARY, AND EQUALLY IMPORTANT GOAL OF THE PROJECT IS TO CREATE A DEMONSTRATION OF HOW AQUATIC HABITAT ENHANCEMENT AND FLOODPLAIN RECONNECTION CAN IMPROVE OVERALL WATERSHED FUNCTION AND SUPPORT LAND USES.

RESTORATION TREATMENTS

TO ACHIEVE RESTORATION OBJECTIVES, RESTORATION WORK INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING:

- CONSTRUCT CHANNEL MEANDERS TO INCREASE CHANNEL DIVERSITY AND ACTIVE FLOODPLAIN AREA.
- CHANNEL SHAPING TO NARROW AND DEEPEN THE CHANNEL AND INCREASE AQUATIC HABITAT DIVERSITY.
- ADD LARGE WOODY DEBRIS TO THE CHANNEL AND FLOODPLAIN TO INCREASE AQUATIC HABITAT DIVERSITY AND COVER AND INCREASE FLOODPLAIN ROUGHNESS AND HABITATS.
- CONSTRUCT SIDE CHANNELS AND ACTIVATE ABANDONED FLOODPLAIN CHANNELS TO INCREASE FLOODPLAIN DIVERSITY AND WETLANDS.
- REMOVE BERM ALONG STREAM TO REACTIVE ABANDONED FLOODPLAIN AREAS.
- REALIGN THE CHANNEL AWAY FROM THE ERODING STREAMBANK AT THE DOWNSTREAM END OF THE PROPERTY WHERE ACTIVE STREAMBANK EROSION AND CHANNEL INCISION IS OCCURRING.
- INCREASE FLOODPLAIN WETLAND AREA THROUGH FLOODPLAIN ACTIVATION, GRADING AND REVEGETATION.
- INSTALL BEAVER DAM ANALOG STRUCTURES IN SIDE CHANNELS AND ACTIVATED FLOODPLAIN CHANNELS TO MIMIC THE FUNCTION OF BEAVER DAMS AND ENCOURAGE EXPANSION OF USE OF HABITAT BY BEAVER.
- PRESERVE EXISTING HIGH-QUALITY FLOODPLAIN AND RIPARIAN AREAS SUCH AS ACTIVE SIDE CHANNELS, HISTORIC FLOODPLAIN CHANNELS THAT HAVE BEEN DISCONNECTED BUT SUPPORT WETLAND VEGETATION. HISTORIC MEANDER SCROLLS, ALCOVE FEATURES, AND DEPOSITIONAL FEATURES ALONG THE CHANNEL
- REVEGETATION OF STREAMBANKS AND FLOODPLAINS THROUGH NATIVE SPECIES SEEDING AND PLANTING; INSTALLATION OF DORMANT WILLOW CUTTINGS IN THE FLOODPLAIN AND STREAMBANKS; AND TRANSPLANT OF RIPARIAN SHRUBS AND WETLAND SOD.
- WETLAND ENHANCEMENT AND RESTORATION TO INCREASE WETLAND AREA AND INCREASE THE ECOLOGICAL FUNCTION OF EXISTING WETLANDS. POTENTIAL WETLAND ENHANCEMENT AND RESTORATION WOULD INCLUDE SEVERAL TREATMENTS INCLUDING TOPOGRAPHIC VARIATION, SURFACE ROUGHNESS, PLANTING AND SEEDING.





PROJE

RESTORATION F

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DATUM: NAD 83 PROJECTION: MT SE

UNITS: US FOOT

DATA SOURCES: 2020 BING IMAGERY

OVERVIEW Z 귑 STORATION

DRAWN BY: GELIM AND RDG DESIGNED BY: GEUM AND RDG DATE: NOVEMBER 2020

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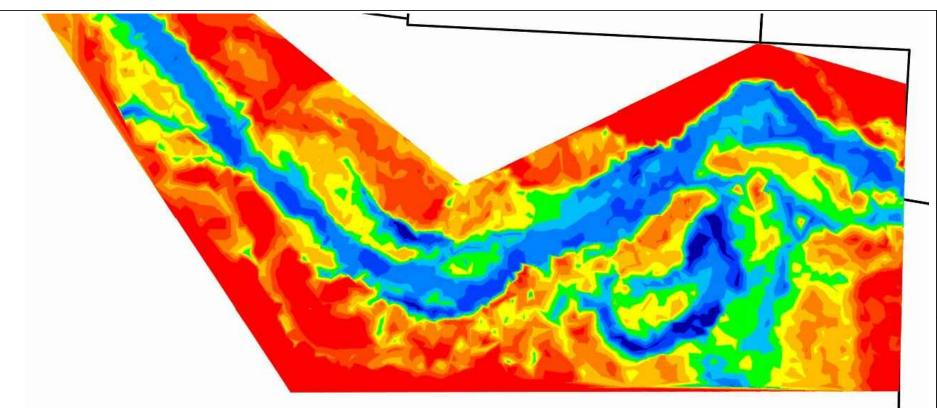
EXISTING CONDITION

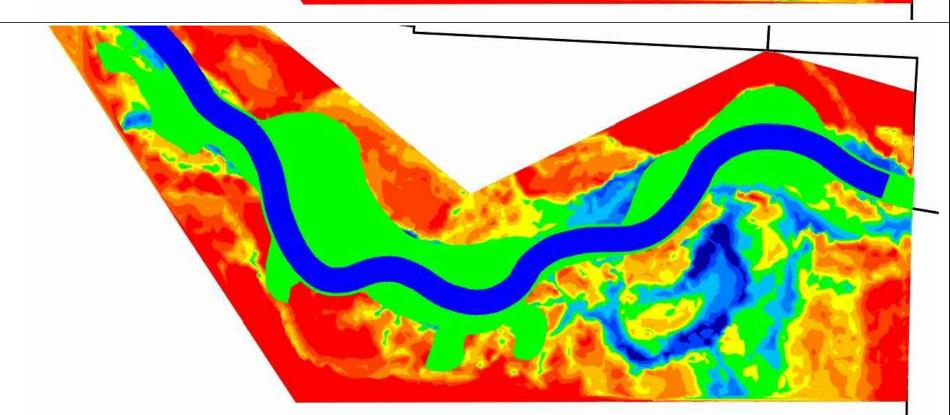
	ELEVATION RELATIVE TO ESTIMATED BANKFULL			
	Minímum Elevatíon	Maximum Elevation	Color	Area
	-3,0	-2.0		0,67
	-2.0	-1,5		2,19
	-1,5	-1,0		3,98
Г	-1,0	-0,5		2,70
	-0,5	0,0		3,41
	0,0	0,5		4,03
	0,5	1,0		4,42
	1.0	1,5		4,15
	1,5	2.0		3,69
	2.0	25.0		6,63

300 600 Feet

PROPOSED CONDITION

ELEVATION RELATIVE TO ESTIMATED BANKFULL			
Minimum Elevation	ion Maximum Elevation		Area
-5.0	-2.0		3,46
-2.0	-1.5		1.17
-1.5	-1.0		1.18
-1.0	-0.5		1.76
-0.5	0.0		9.47
0.0	0.5		2.65
0.5	1.0		3.19
1.0	1,5		3,54
1.5	2.0		3,26
2.0	25.0		6,17





COMPARISON OF EXISTING VS ESTIMATED POST RESTORATION CONDITION			
<u>METRIC</u>	PRE	POST	
CHANNEL SINUOSITY	1.24	1.26	
LENGTH OF CONNECTED FLOODPLAIN CHANNELS AND SIDE CHANNELS (FT)	950	4700	
WETLAND AREA (ACRES)	8.3	9.2	
CONNECTED FLOODPLAIN (ACRES)	3.41	9.47	

EXISTING VS PROPOSED CONDITION

LOLO CREEK - ZENS RESTORATION PROJECT LOLO, MONTANA

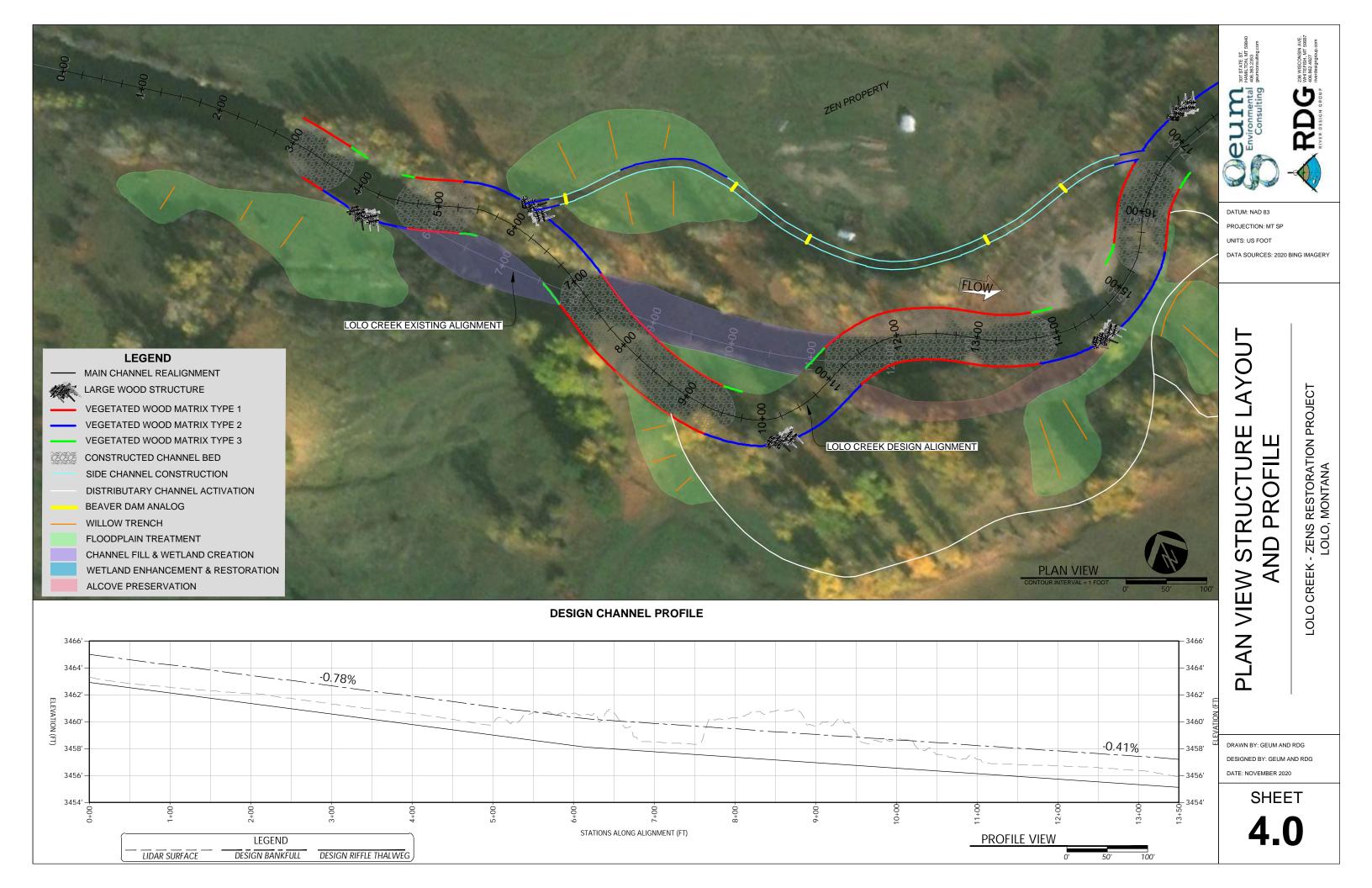
DATUM: NAD 83
PROJECTION: MT SP
UNITS: US FOOT

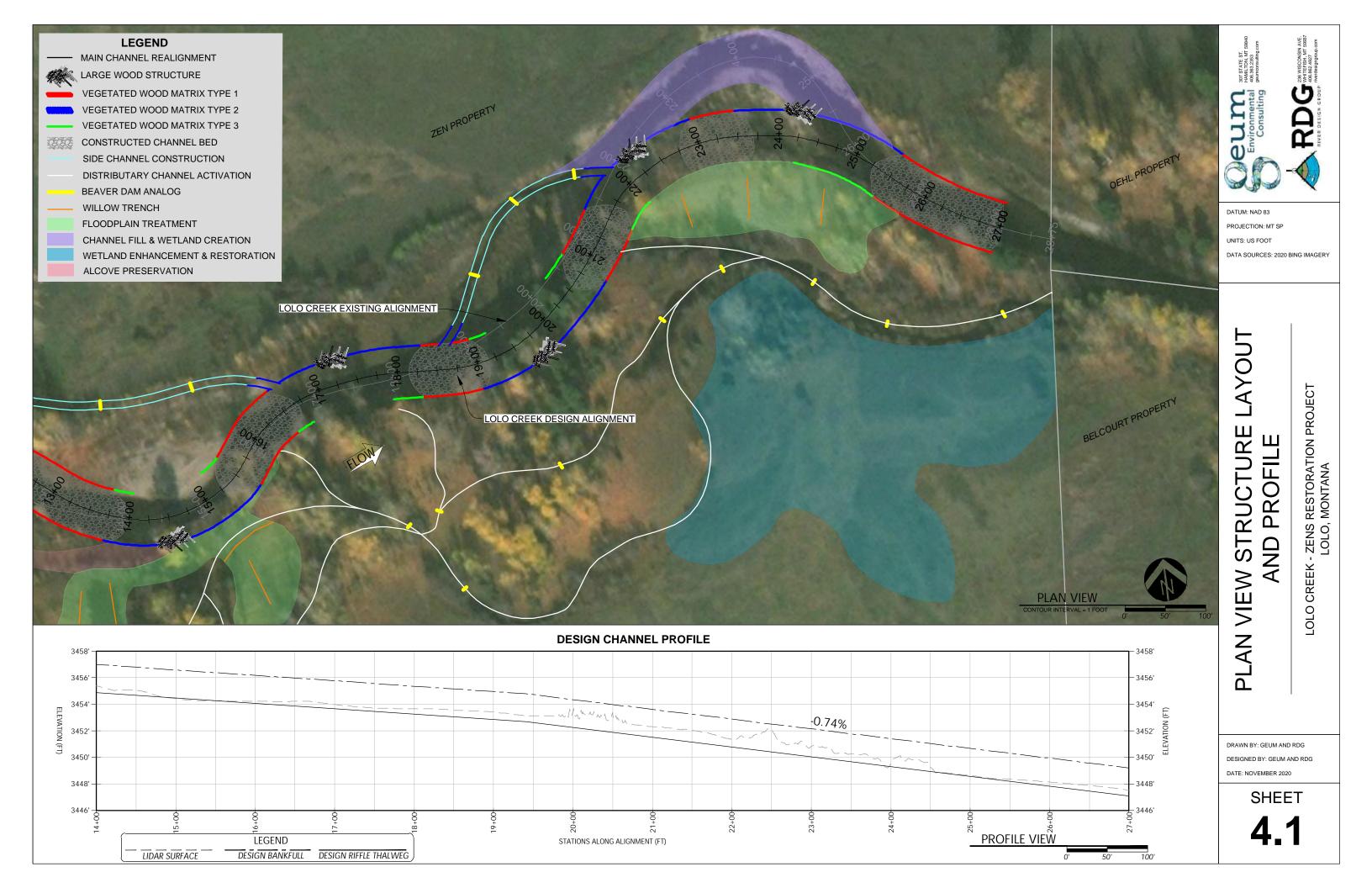
DATA SOURCES: 2020 BING IMAGERY

DRAWN BY: GEUM AND RDG
DESIGNED BY: GEUM AND RDG
DATE: NOVEMBER 2020

SHEET

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Riffle Run Pool Glide						
	Value (ft)	Value (ft)	Value (ft)	Value (ft)		
Area	130	137	163	150		
Range (Low)	125	104	143	117		
Range (High)	135	156	182	182		
Width/Depth Ratio	32	25	-1	41		
Range (Low)	30	17	-	32		
Range (High)	34	35	-	53		
Width						
Average	64	67	80	77		
Range (Low)	60	51	70	70		
Range (High)	66	83	90	83		
Avg. Depth						
Average	2.1	2.7	2.0	1.9		
Range (Low)	2.0	2.4	1.8	1.6		
Range (High)	2.2	3.0	2.3	2.2		
Max.Depth						
Average	2.9	4.1	6.5	2.9		
Range (Low)	2.7	3.3	5.8	2.5		
Range (High)	3.1	4.8	7.2	3.3		
Scour Depth	4.1	5.2	8.3	4.1		





DATUM: NAD 83
PROJECTION: MT SP
UNITS: US FOOT

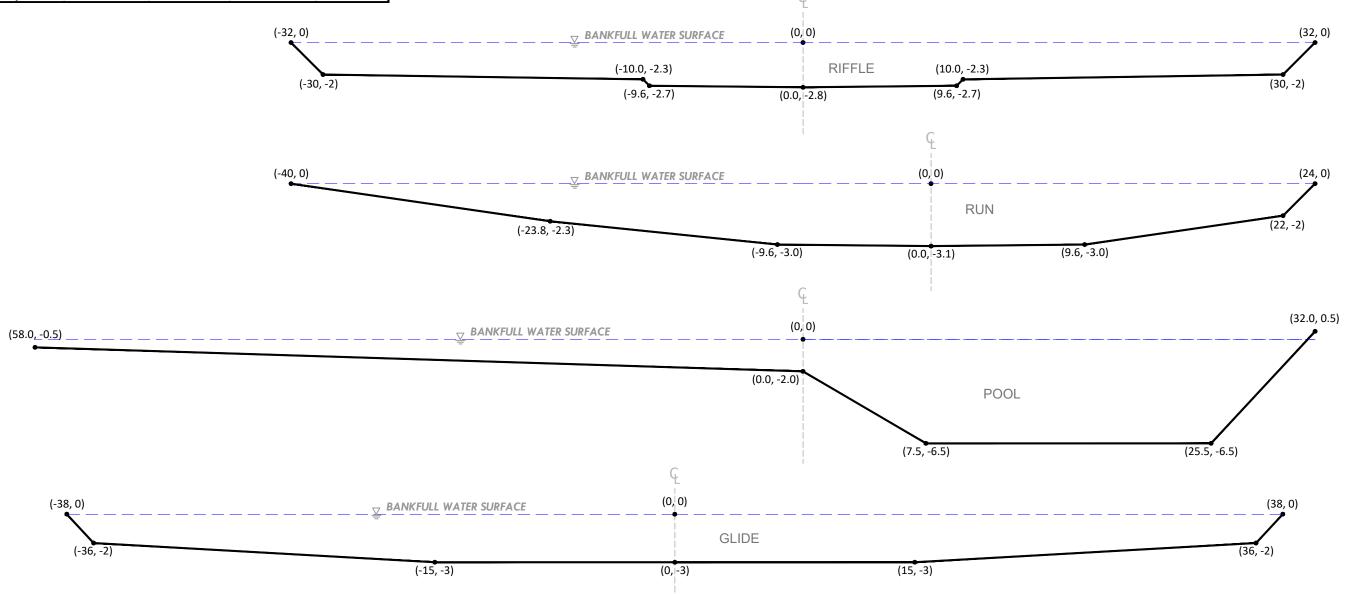
DATA SOURCES: 2020 BING IMAGERY



LOLO CREEK - ZENS RESTORATION PROJECT LOLO, MONTANA



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EXISTING VEGETATION PRESERVATION: AREAS ALONG THE MAIN CHANNEL THAT SUPPORT NATIVE WOODY RIPARIAN VEGETATION WILL BE INTEGRATED INTO PROJECT GRADING AND PRESERVED.

SHRUB AND WETLAND SOD SALVAGE AND TRANSPLANT: DESIRABLE WOODY SPECIES, SUCH AS DOGWOOD, ALDER, WILLOW, AND COTTONWOOD WITHIN CONSTRUCTION LIMITS WILL BE SALVAGED AND RE-USED IN STREAMBANKS OR ON CONSTRUCTED FLOODPLAIN SURFACES.

DORMANT VEGETATIVE CUTTINGS: ALL STREAMBANK TREATMENTS WILL INTEGRATE DORMANT WILLOW CUTTINGS OF WILLOW, COTTONWOOD AND DOGWOOD TO ESTABLISH DESIRABLE WOODY RIPARIAN VEGETATION ALONG THE CHANNEL. DORMANT VEGETATIVE CUTTINGS WILL ALSO BE PLACED IN TRENCHES IN CONSTRUCTED IN FLOODPLAIN TREATMENT AREAS TO INCREASE THE COVER AND AREA OF DESIRED WOODY RIPARIAN VEGETATION.

CONTAINERIZED PLANTING: CONTAINERIZED WOODY SPECIES, SUCH AS COTTONWOOD, ALDER, WILLOW, AND DOGWOOD WILL BE PLANTED INTO CONSTRUCTED FLOODPLAIN SURFACES TO INCREASE THE AREA AND COVER OF DESIRABLE WOODY RIPARIAN SPECIES. INDIVIDUAL PLANT PROTECTORS WOULD BE INSTALLED TO PROTECT CONTAINERIZED PLANTS FROM BROWSE BY WILDLIFE.

SEEDING: ALL NEWLY CONSTRUCTED FLOODPLAIN SURFACES AND DISTURBED AREAS WILL BE SEEDED USING A MIX OF NATIVE GRASSES AND FORBS. IN ADDITION TO BROADCAST SEEDING OF COMMERCIAL SEED MIXES, COLLECTION AND DIRECT SEEDING OF ALDER CONES ON LOW FLOODPLAIN SURFACES WOULD ALSO OCCUR. ALDER CONES CAN BE COLLECTED DURING DORMANCY (OCTOBER THROUGH MARCH). THE CONES CAN BE STORED OVER WINTER AND AS THE CONES DRY THEY WILL OPEN AND RELEASE TINY SEEDS. THIS SEED CAN BE ADDED TO COMMERCIAL SEED MIXES OR SEEDED SEPARATELY. ALTERNATELY, ALDER CONES CAN ALSO BE COLLECTED IN THE FALL FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTION AND SPREAD ONTO THE NEWLY CONSTRUCTED FLOODPLAIN SURFACE.



EXAMPLE OF STREAMBANK TREATMENT WITH WILLOW CUTTINGS

DRAWN BY: GELIM AND RDG DESIGNED BY: GEUM AND RDG DATE: NOVEMBER 2020

SHEET

REVEGETATION PLAN

DATUM: NAD 83 PROJECTION: MT SP UNITS: US FOOT

DATA SOURCES: 2020 BING IMAGERY

PROJECT

ZENS RESTORATION LOLO, MONTANA

OLO CREEK-

1. CONSTRUCTION OF THE LARGE WOOD STRUCTURE WILL OCCUR BEFORE THE CONSTRUCTED CHANNEL STREAMBED AND VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX BANK
TREATMENTS ARE INSTALLED. INSTALLATION OF FLOODPLAIN TREATMENT SHALL BE COMPLETED AFTER THE LARGE WOOD STRUCTURES ARE INSTALLED.

2. ANY CHANGES TO THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE MUST BE APPROVED BY THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER

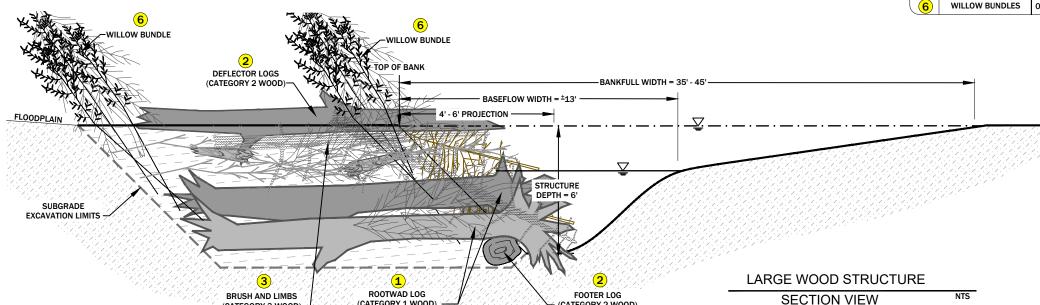
3. CONSTRUCTION MANAGER SHALL MARK THE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION LOCATION FOR EACH LARGE WOOD STRUCTURE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

NOTES ON LARGE WOOD STRUCTURE INSTALLATION

- 1. EXCAVATE TO THE EXCAVATION LIMITS. EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL BE STOCKPILED ON THE FLOODPLAIN OUTSIDE OF THE IMMEDIATE WORK AREA.
- 2. INSTALL TWO FOOTER LOGS (CATEGORY 2 WOOD) AT THE BASE OF THE EXCAVATED TRENCH AT THE ORIENTATIONS NOTED IN PLAN VIEW. FOOTER LOGS SHALL PROJECT INTO THE DESIGN CHANNEL NO GREATER THEN 3 FEET OR AT DISTANCE DIRECTED BY THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER. EXPOSED ENDS OF FOOTER LOGS SHALL BE BROKEN/ROUGHENED SO AS TO APPEAR NATURAL. SAWED ENDS OF FOOTER LOGS SHALL NOT BE EXPOSED.
- 3. INSTALL FOUR TO FIVE ROOTWAD LOGS (CATEGORY 1 WOOD) INTERSECTING BOTH FOOTER LOGS AT THE ORIENTATION NOTED IN PLAN VIEW. THE UPSTREAM ROOTWAD SHALL NOT PROJECT INTO THE CHANNEL AND SHALL BE FLUSH WITH THE FINISHED BANK LINE. THE DOWNSTREAM ROOTWAD SHALL PROJECT NO GREATER THAN 4 - 6 FT. BEYOND THE FINISHED BANK LINE.
- 4. BACKFILL TRENCH WITH STOCKPILED MATERIAL UP TO THE TOP OF THE ROOTWAD LOGS. BACKFILL SHALL BE BUCKET COMPACTED.
- 5. INSTALL BRUSH AND LIMBS (CATEGORY 3 WOOD) AT APPROXIMATE 45° ANGLE TO ROOTWAD STEMS. BRUSH AND LIMBS SHALL PROJECT NO GREATER
- 6. INSTALL FOUR TO FIVE ROOTWAD LOGS (CATEGORY 1 WOOD) ON TOP OF THE BRUSH AND LIMBS AT THE ORIENTATION NOTED IN PLAN VIEW. THE TOP OF THE ROOTWAD STEMS SHALL SIT AT OR BELOW BASEFLOW ELEVATION (BANKFULL MINUS 2.4). THE UPSTREAM ROOTWAD SHALL NOT PROJECT INTO THE CHANNEL AND SHALL BE FLUSH WITH THE FINISHED BANK LINE. THE DOWNSTREAM ROOTWAD SHALL PROJECT NO GREATER THAN 4 - 6 FT. BEYOND THE
- 7. INSTALL BRUSH AND LIMBS (CATEGORY 3 WOOD) UP TO TOP OF BANK AT APPROXIMATE 45° ANGLE TO ROOTWAD STEMS. BRUSH AND LIMBS SHALL
- 8. PLACE FOUR WILLOW BUNDLES (CLUSTER OF 50 WILLOW CUTTINGS IN EACH BUNDLE) INTERWOVEN INTO WOOD MATRIX AS SHOWN IN THE PLAN VIEW. WILLOW BUNDLES SHALL BE SET AS TO BE IN CONTACT WITH LOW FLOW WATER SURFACE ELEVATION.
- 9. BACKFILL STRUCTURE WITH STOCKPILED MATERIAL UP TO THE TOP OF BANK LINE ELEVATION. BACKFILL SHALL BE BUCKET COMPACTED.
- 10. INSTALL THREE TO FOUR DEFLECTOR LOGS (CATEGORY 2 WOOD) AT APPROXIMATE 45° ANGLE TO ROOTWAD STEMS. TOP OF DEFLECTOR LOGS CAN BE UP TO 0.5 FT ABOVE TOP OF BANK ELEVATION AND SHALL PROJECT NO GREATER THAN 6 FT. BEYOND THE FINISHED BANK LINE. EXPOSED ENDS OF FOOTER LOGS SHALL BE BROKEN/ROUGHENED SO AS TO APPEAR NATURAL. SAWED ENDS OF FOOTER LOGS SHALL NOT BE EXPOSED.
- 11. PLACE AND BUCKET COMPACT STOCKPILED MATERIAL TO THE FINISHED BANK LINE. NO AREAS BEHIND THE FINISHED BANKLINE ARE TO BE LEFT BELOW

MATERIAL SCHEDULE (PER STRUCTURE)

		•	
	<u>ITEM</u>	DIA.	QUANTITY
1	CATEGORY 1 WOOD	12" - 18"	6
2	CATEGORY 2 WOOD	6" - 12"	6
3	CATEGORY 3 WOOD	< 3"	15
6	WILLOW BUNDLES	0.25" - 1"	4



(CATEGORY 2 WOOD)

(CATEGORY 1 WOOD)

MAXIMUM STRUCTURE PROJECTION = 4' - 6'

FINISHED GRADE BANKLINE

AVERAGE STRUCTURE LENGTH = ±25'

DEFLECTOR LOGS

(CATEGORY 2 WOOD)

ROOTWAD LOG CATEGORY 1 WOOD)

MINIMUM ROOTWAD

DIAMETER = 3'

EXCAVATION LIMITS

BRUSH AND LIMBS (CATEGORY 3 WOOD)

LARGE WOOD STRUCTURE **PLAN VIEW**

WILLOW BUNDLE

FOOTER LOG (CATEGORY 2 WOOD)

EXCAVATION

LENGTH = 30' - 35

WILLOW BUNDLE



EXAMPLE OF A LARGE WOOD STRUCTURE

DATUM: NAD 83 PROJECTION: MT SE UNITS: US FOOT

DATA SOURCES:

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ARGE WOOD

PROJECT ZENS RESTORATION LOLO, MONTANA CREEK.

DRAWN BY: GELIM AND RDG DESIGNED BY: GEUM AND RDG DATE: NOVEMBER 2020

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. CONSTRUCTION OF THE VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX WILL OCCUR AFTER THE CHANNEL AND FLOODPLAIN BACKFILL IS PLACED AND THE CHANNEL STREAMBED IS CONSTRUCTED. INSTALLATION OF FLOODPLAIN TREATMENT SHALL BE COMPLETED AFTER VEGETATED WOOD MATRIXES ARE INSTALLED.
- 2. IF VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX STRUCTURES ARE INSTALLED PRIOR TO OCTOBER 1, LEAVE BACK TRENCH UNFILLED AND COMPLETE STRUCTURE WHEN DORMANT WILLOWS ARE AVAILABLE.
- 3.IT IS CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO CUT WOOD INTO APPROPRIATE SIZE LENGTHS TO FIT STRUCTURE DIMENSIONS
- 4. ANY CHANGES TO THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE MUST BE APPROVED BY CONSTRUCTION MANAGER.
- 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL MARK AND CONSTRUCTION ENGINEER SHALL APPROVE THE GENERAL LOCATION FOR EACH VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX STRUCTURE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

NOTES ON VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX INSTALLATION

1. EXCAVATE TO THE EXCAVATION LIMITS AS SHOWN. EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL BE STOCKPILED ON THE FLOODPLAIN OUTSIDE OF THE IMMEDIATE WORK AREA.

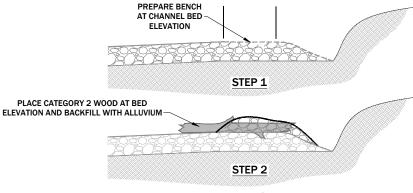
EVERY 10 LINEAL FEET OF BANKLINE INSTALL A 10 FOOT WIDE TRENCH AND INSTALL A ROW OF 20 WILLOWS AT A

45° TO 60° ANGLE TO THE BANKLINE

- 2. PREPARE THE BENCH OF THE STRUCTURE BY PLACING CHANNEL STREAMBED ALLUVIUM FROM THE BASE OF THE EXCAVATION DEPTH/BOTTOM OF EXCAVATION TO WITHIN 1.0-FT. OF FINISHED GRADE.
- 3. CATEGORY 2 AND CATEGORY 3 WOOD, AND CHANNEL STREAMBED ALLUVIUM SHALL BE PLACED IN ALTERNATING LAYERS AND BUCKET COMPACTED UP TO THE TOP OF BANK ELEVATION AS SHOWN BELOW IN THE INSTALLATION SEQUENCE. PLACE SIX (6) FT TO EIGHT (8) FT. DORMANT WILLOW CUTTINGS AT A DENSITY OF 5 PER LINEAR FT ALONG THE TOP OF BANK LINE ELEVATION. WILLOW CUTTINGS SHALL SLOPE AT AN APPROXIMATE 1:1 SLOPE AS SHOWN IN SECTION VIEW. STEMS MAY OVERLAP. THE CUT ENDS SHALL BE PLACED AT THE BASE OF THE SLOPES WITH THE UN-CUT ENDS EXTENDING BEYOND THE EDGE OF THE TRENCH SO NO GREATER THAN ONE-THIRD OF THE TOTAL CUTTING LENGTH IS EXPOSED BEYOND THE TOP OF BANK EDGE. WILLOW CUTTINGS SHOULD INTERCEING TOP OF BANK LINE AS SHOWN IN STEP 5 OF THE INSTALLATION SEQUENCE.
- 4. THE UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM ENDS OF THE STRUCTURE SHALL TRANSITION SMOOTHLY INTO ADJACENT STREAMBANK STRUCTURES TO MINIMIZE EROSION, FLANKING, AND BANK FAILURE.
 STRUCTURE ENDS MAY BE STABILIZED WITH ADDITIONAL CATEGORY 1 ROCK AS APPROVED BY ENGINEER.
- 5. AFTER INSTALLATION OF THE VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX, BACKFILL THE STRUCTURE WITH STOCKPILED MATERIAL TO FINISHED GRADE, AND BUCKET COMPACT. INSTALL WILLOW TRENCHES AT A RATE
 OF 2 PER LINEAR FOOT (OR 20 PER TRENCH) AS SHOWN. NO AREAS BEHIND THE FINISHED BANKLINE ARE TO BE LEFT BELOW FINISHED GRADE.

STREAMBANK ALLUVIUM GRADATION

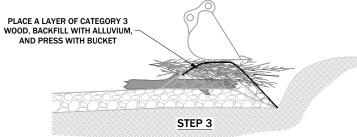
SIZE (INCHES)	PERCENT PASSING
8	95
7	80 - 90
6	65 - 75
4	45 - 60
2	35 - 40
1	25 - 30
0.6	20

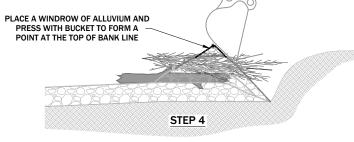


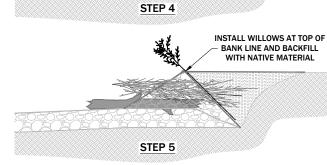
MATERIAL SCHEDULE (PER LINEAR FOOT)

				QUANTITY	
	<u>ITEM</u>	DIA.	TYPE 1	TYPE 2	TYPE 3
2	CATEGORY 2 WOOD	6" - 12"	0.5	2	-
3	CATEGORY 3 WOOD	< 3"	1	3	1
4	WILLOW CUTTINGS	0.25" - 1"	7	7	7
5	STREAMBANK ALLUVIUM	8" MINUS	0.11 CY	0.2 CY	

WILLOW TRENCH DETAIL
PLAN VIEW







RECOMMENDED VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX INSTALLATION SEQUENCE

SECTION VIEW 0' 2.5' 5'

DRAWN BY: GEUM AND RDG
DESIGNED BY: GEUM AND RDG
DATE: NOVEMBER 2020

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Environmental 406-302.233
Consulting geurronauling.com
Consulting geurronauling.com
RIVER DESIGN GROUP
RIVER DESIGN GROUP

VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX DETAIL

PROJECTION: MT SE

UNITS: US FOOT

DATA SOURCES:

OLO CREEK - ZENS RESTORATION PROJECT LOLO, MONTANA

2. ANY CHANGES TO THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE MUST BE APPROVED THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER

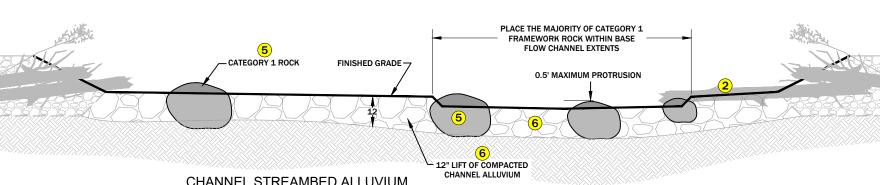
3.IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO CUT WOOD INTO APPROPRIATE SIZE LENGTHS TO FIT STRUCTURE DIMENSIONS.

4. CONTRACTOR SHALL MARK THE UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM EXTENTS OF THE LOCATIONS OF THE CONSTRUCTED CHANNEL

NOTES ON CONSTRUCTED CHANNEL STREAMBED INSTALLATION

- 1. PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF THE CHANNEL STREAMBED, CONSTRUCTION MANAGER SHALL VERIFY CHANNEL SUBGRADE ELEVATIONS. CHANNEL SUBGRADE SERVES AS THE FOUNDATION FOR THE CONSTRUCTED CHANNEL STREAMBED.
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL STOCKPILE CHANNEL ALLUVIUM PER SPECIFICATIONS NOTED ON THE DRAWING.
- 3. PREPARE THE FRAMEWORK. CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE 12-INCH TO 18-INCH BOULDERS (CATEGORY 1 ROCK) ON THE SURFACE OF THE CHANNEL SUBGRADE PRIMARILY WITHIN THE LOW FLOW CHANNEL AS INDICATED ON THE DRAWING. DUÉ TO THE INHERENT VARIABILITY IN MATERIALS, BOULDER ELEVATIONS SHALL BE ADJUSTED TO ASSURE BOULDER PROTRUSION ABOVE FINISH GRADE WILL BE NO GREATER THAN 0.5-FT.
- 4. CONTRACTOR MAY INSTALL 12-INCH TO 18-INCH BOULDERS (CATEGORY 1 ROCK) IN CLUSTERS, AS DIRECTED BY THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER, TO CREATE A COMPLEX SERIES OF POCKET POOLS THAT EFFECTIVELY DISSIPATE ENERGY AND PROVIDE PATHWAYS FOR FISH MOVEMENT. BOULDER ELEVATIONS SHALL BE ADJUSTED TO ASSURE BOULDER PROTRUSION ABOVE FINISH GRADE IS NO
- 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL CHANNEL SPANNING WOOD (CATEGORY 2 WOOD) AND CHANNEL MARGIN WOOD (CATEGORY 2 WOOD)

 TO PROVIDE AQUATIC HABITAT COMPLEXITY AND ROUGHNESS. CHANNEL SPANNING WOOD SHALL BE INSTALLED INTO THE BED PERPENDICULAR TO FLOW WITH A MAXIMUM PROJECTION OF 0.3'. CHANNEL MARGIN WOOD SHALL PROJECT NO GREATER THAN 8 FEET INTO THE CONSTRUCTED STREAMBED IN VARIOUS ORIENTATIONS TO FLOW, AS DIRECTED BY CONSTRUCTION MANAGER. CHANNEL MARGIN WOOD SHALL BE EMBEDDED INTO THE CHANNEL STREAMBED A MINIMUM OF ONE-HALF THE LOG DIAMETER, AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS
- 3. PREPARE THE MATRIX. AFTER THE FRAMEWORK, WOOD, BOULDER CLUSTERS, AND SMALL BOULDER RIBS ARE INSTALLED AND INSPECTED BY CONSTRUCTION MANAGER, PLACE APPROPRIATE CHANNEL STREAMBED ALLUVIUM GRADATION AND WASH FINES INTO STREAMBED. CHANNEL STREAMED ALLUVIUM SHALL BE PLACED TO THE FULL COURSE THICKNESS OF 12-INCHES TO FINISHED GRADE.



MAXIMUM

CATEGORY 1 ROCK

CHANNEL STREAMBED ALLUVIUM AND FRAMEWORK INSTALLATION

BASEFLOW CHANNEL

CHANNEL STREAMBED ALLUVIUM

CHANNEL STREAMBED ALLUVIUM

AND FRAMEWORK INSTALLATION

3D VIEW

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTED STREAMBED THROUGH A RUN FEATURE

STREAMBED ALLUVIUM **GRADATION**

_	
SIZE (INCHES)	PERCENT PASSING
8	95
7	80 - 90
6	65 - 75
4	45 - 60
2	35 - 40
1	25 - 30
0.6	20

MATERIAL SCHEDULE (PER LINEAR FOOT)

	<u>ITEM</u>	DIA.	QUANTITY
5	CATEGORY 1 ROCK	12" - 18"	0.5 EA
6	CHANNEL STREAMBED ALLUVIUM	8" MINUS	0.8 CY
2	CATEGORY 2 WOOD	6" - 12"	0.08 EA





DATUM: NAD 83 PROJECTION: MT SE

UNITS: US FOOT

DATA SOURCES:

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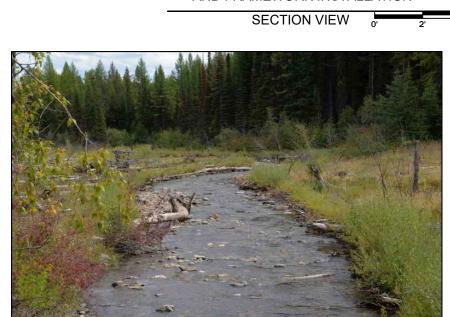
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CONSTRUCT

PROJECT ZENS RESTORATION LOLO, MONTANA

DRAWN BY: GELIM AND RDG DESIGNED BY: GEUM AND RDG DATE: NOVEMBER 2020



INSTALL 1 PIECE OF CATEGORY 2 WOOD ALONG CHANNEL MARGINS EVERY 15 FT - 20 FT. FULLY

EMBED ROOTFAN INTO BANKLINE. PARTIALLY EMBED STEM IN CHANNEL STREAMBED.

INSTALL 1 PIECE OF CATEGORY 2 WOOD SPANNING THE CHANNEL MARGIN EVERY 50

FT. WOOD STEM SHOULD BE EMBEDDED IN

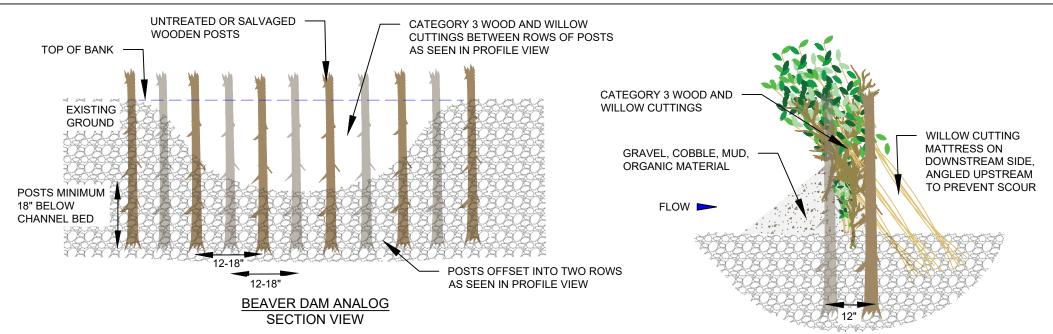
CHANNEL STREAMBED WITH A MAXIMUM PROTRUSION OF 0.3'

INSTALL RANDOM SMALL BOULDER-

CLUSTERS WITH POCKET POOL

MAXIMUM

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTED STREAMBED THROUGH A RIFFLE FEATURE



BEAVER DAM ANALOG MATERIAL SCHEDULE			
<u>ITEM</u>	DIMENSIONS	QUANTITY/ LINEAR FOOT	
UNTREATED OR SALVAGED WOODEN POSTS	3" D, 4' L	1 EACH	
CATEGORY 3 WOOD	<3" D, 4'-8' L	3 PIECES	
WILLOW CUTTINGS	0.5"-1" D, 4'-6' L	5	
GRAVEL/COBBLE/MUD	VARIES	0.4 CY	



PROJECTION: MT SP UNITS: US FOOT

DATA SOURCES:

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ZENS RESTORATION PROJECT LOLO, MONTANA

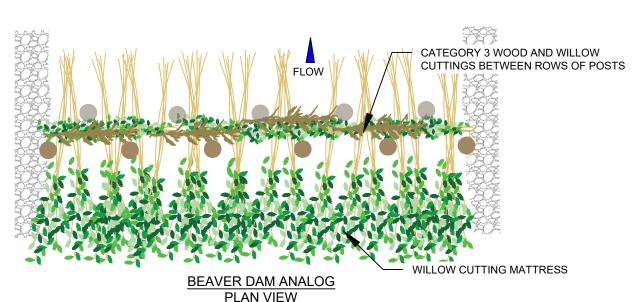
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AND (J 0 ANA DAM SIDE AVEI Ш $\overline{\mathbf{m}}$

DRAWN BY: GELIM AND RDG DESIGNED BY: GEUM AND RDG

SHEET

DATE: NOVEMBER 2020



SIDE CHANNEL

SECTION VIEW

EXISTING GROUND

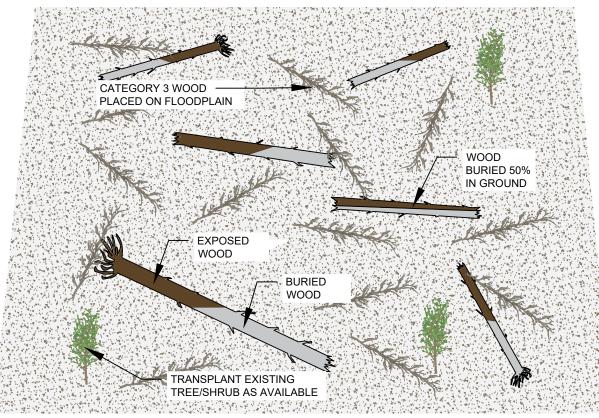
NOTES ON BEAVER DAM ANALOG CONSTRUCTION

BEAVER DAM ANALOG PROFILE VIEW

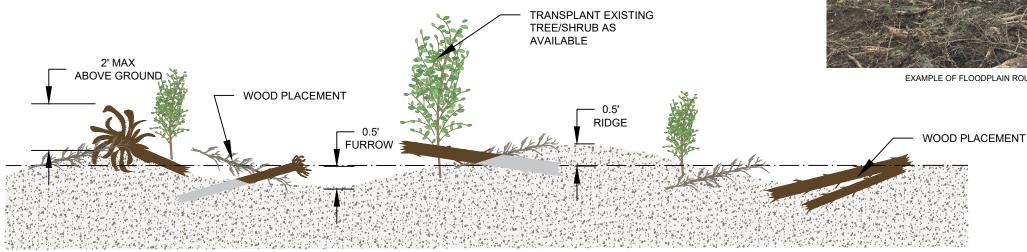
- INSTALL TWO ROWS OF POSTS SPANNING THE WIDTH OF THE CHANNEL, POSTS MAY BE DRIVEN IN WITH A POST POUNDER OR EQUIVALENT TOOL. SPACE ROWS 12 IN APART. SPACE POSTS IN EACH ROW APPROXIMATELY 12-18 IN APART AND ENSURE THAT AT LEAST ONE ROW OF POSTS HAS ONE POST INSTALLED IN THE BANK OF THE CHANNEL. POSTS SHOULD BE DRIVEN A MINIMUM OF 18 IN BELOW THE BED OF THE CHANNEL.
- INSTALL BRUSH (GREEN CONIFER BRANCHES PREFERRED) AND LIVE WILLOW CUTTINGS IN THE 12 IN SPACE BETWEEN THE TWO ROWS OF POSTS. INSTALL BRUSH AND CUTTINGS IN 0.5 FT LAYERS AND COMPACT EACH LAYER AFTER INSTALLATION.
- PRIOR TO INSTALLING THE FINAL LAYER (0.5 FT) OF BRUSH, INSTALL A MATTRESS OF WILLOW CUTTINGS ON THE DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF THE BEAVER HABITAT STRUCTURE. ORIENT CUTTINGS IN AN UPSTREAM DIRECTION WITH THE CUT ENDS BURIED INTO THE CHANNEL BED AND THE BRANCH TIPS EXTENDING UPSTREAM AND ON TOP OF THE LAST PLACED LAYER OF BRUSH BETWEEN THE POSTS. INSTALL THE FINAL LAYER OF BRUSH BETWEEN THE POSTS ON TOP OF THE WILLOW MATTRESS CUTTINGS TO SECURE THEM.
- INSTALL A WEDGE OF COBBLE, GRAVEL, MUD AND ORGANIC MATTER ALONG THE UPSTREAM ROW OF POSTS. MATERIAL CAN BE EXCAVATED FROM THE CHANNEL BED DOWNSTREAM OF THE STRUCTURE. COMPACT MATERIAL TO ENSURE GOOD CONTACT WITH THE POSTS, BRUSH, CHANNEL BED AND CHANNEL BANKS.

NOTES ON SIDE CHANNEL CONSTRUCTION

- CONTRACTOR SHALL EXCAVATE FLOODPLAIN SIDE CHANNELS TO FINISHED GRADE ELEVATIONS AND ALIGNMENTS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.
- SIDE CHANNEL CONSTRUCTION WILL CONSIST OF EXCAVATING A 1' DEEP CHANNEL WITH SIDE SLOPES OF 1:1 THROUGH FLOODPLAIN TREATMENT OR EXISTING GROUND LOCATIONS.
- SIDE CHANNELS WILL CONTAIN BEAVER DAM ANALOGS TO BE CONSTRUCTED ACROSS THE CHANNEL AFTER SIDE CHANNEL CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE.



FLOODPLAIN TREATMENT PLAN VIEW



NOTES ON FLOODPLAIN TREATMENT CONSTRUCTION

- FLOODPLAIN TREATMENT LOCATIONS WILL BE STAKED BY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 2. CONSTRUCT THE FLOODPLAIN ROUGHNESS BY CREATING MICRO-TOPOGRAPHY CONSISTING OF LOW AND HIGH FEATURES (RIDGES AND FURROWS), WITH NO DISCERNABLE PATTERN (I.E NO ROWS), OVER THE ENTIRE LOWERED FLOODPLAIN AREA. MAXIMUM DEVIATION FROM THE DESIGNED FINISHED GRADE WILL BE NO MORE THAN 0.5 FEET.
- 3. PLACE WOODY MATERIAL TO CREATE ADDITIONAL ROUGHNESS IN THE FLOODPLAIN SURFACE. BURY THE WOOD PARTIALLY IN THE FLOODPLAIN WITH ONE HALF OF THE LENGTH BURIED TO A DEPTH OF TWO FEET. PLACE WOOD AT THE RATE SPECIFIED IN THE MATERIAL SCHEDULE.
- 4. UTILIZE WOOD MEETING THE DIMENSIONS SHOWN IN THE MATERIAL SCHEDULE. CUT THE WOOD INTO APPROPRIATE SIZE LENGTHS TO FIT SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS.
- 5. LOAD AND HAUL WOOD FROM THE STAGING AREAS TO THE TREATMENT LOCATIONS. HAUL AND STAGE THE WOOD AT THE INSTALLATION LOCATIONS IN A MANNER THAT PRESERVES THE SIZE, TYPE, AND INTEGRITY OF EACH PIECE TO BE INCORPORATED INTO THE WORK. HANDLE MATERIALS IN A MANNER THAT MINIMIZES DAMAGE TO BARK, LIMBS, AND ROOTWADS IF PRESENT (NO ROLLING, CRUNCHING, CRUSHING, ETC.).

MATERIAL SCHEDULE (PER ACRE)					
<u>ITEM</u>	DIMENSION	QUANTITY			
CATEGORY 2 WOOD	6"-12" D, 6-8' MIN. L	25 PIECES			
CATEGORY 3 WOOD	<3" D, 4'-8' L	15 PIECES			



EXAMPLE OF FLOODPLAIN ROUGHNESS AND WOOD PLACEMENT

Our month of semiconsuling con Consulting



DATUM: NAD 83
PROJECTION: MT SP
UNITS: US FOOT

UNITS: US FOOT
DATA SOURCES:

DETAIL

OODPLAIN TREATMENT

O CREEK - ZENS RESTORATION PROJECT LOLO, MONTANA

DRAWN BY: GEUM AND RDG
DESIGNED BY: GEUM AND RDG
DATE: NOVEMBER 2020

SHEET

7.5

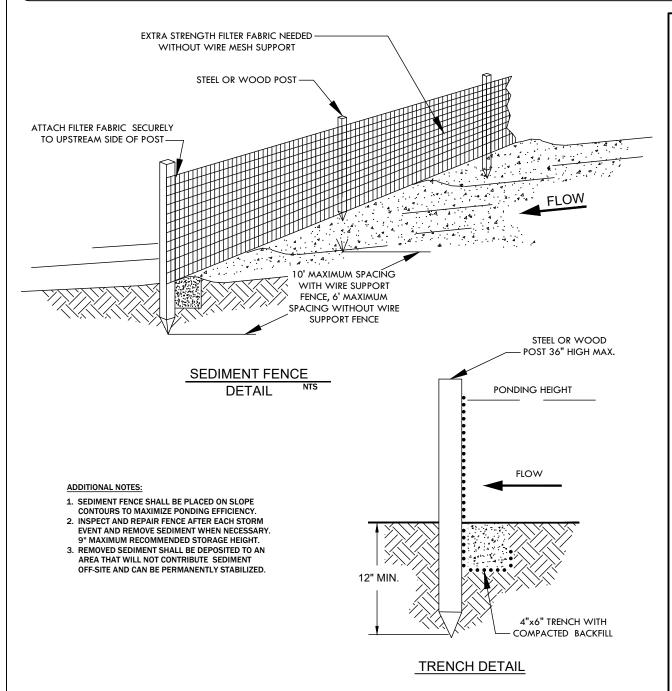
FLOODPLAIN TREATMENT SECTION VIEW

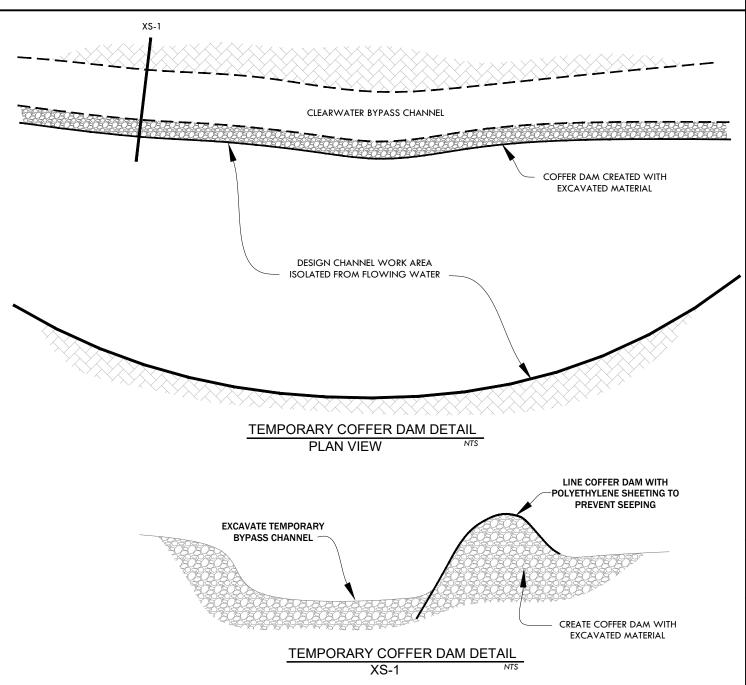
SEDIMENT FENCE GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THE HEIGHT OF A SEDIMENT FENCE SHALL NOT EXCEED 36 INCHES. STORAGE HEIGHT AND PONDING HEIGHT SHALL NEVER EXCEED 18 INCHES.
- 2. THE FENCE LINE SHALL FOLLOW THE CONTOUR AS CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE.
- 3. IF POSSIBLE, THE FILTER FABRIC SHALL BE CUT FROM A CONTINUOUS ROLL TO AVOID THE USE OF JOINTS. WHEN JOINTS ARE NECESSARY, FILTER CLOTH SHALL BE SPLICED ONLY AT A SUPPORT POST, WITH A MINIMUM 6 INCH OVERLAP AND BOTH ENDS SECURELY FASTENED TO THE POST.
- 4. POSTS SHALL BE SPACED A MAXIMUM OF 10 FEET APART AND DRIVEN SECURELY INTO THE GROUND (MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES. WHEN EXTRA-STRENGTH FABRIC IS USED WITHOUT THE WIRE SUPPORT FENCE, POST SPACING SHALL NOT EXCEED 6 FEET.
- 5. TURN THE ENDS OF THE FENCE LIPHILL
- 6. A TRENCH SHALL BE EXCAVATED APPROXIMATELY 4 INCHES WIDE AND 6 INCHES DEEP ALONG THE LINE OF POSTS AND UPSLOPE FROM THE BARRIER.
- 7. WHEN STANDARD-STRENGTH FILTER FABRIC IS USED, A WIRE MESH SUPPORT FENCE SHALL BE FASTENED SECURELY TO THE UPSLOPE SIDE OF THE POSTS USING HEAVY DUTY WIRE STAPLES AT LEAST 1INCH LONG, TIE WIRES OR HOG RINGS. THE WIRE SHALL EXTEND INTO THE TRENCH A MINIMUM OF 2 INCHES AND SHALL NOT EXTEND MORE THAN 36 INCHES ABOVE THE ORIGINAL GROUND SURFACE.
- 8. THE STANDARD-STRENGTH FILTER FABRIC SHALL BE STAPLED OR WIRED TO THE FENCE, AND 6 INCHES OF THE FABRIC SHALL EXTEND INTO THE TRENCH. THE FABRIC SHALL NOT EXTEND MORE THAN 36 INCHES ABOVE THE ORIGINAL GROUND SURFACE. FILTER FABRIC SHALL NOT BE STAPLED TO EXISTING TREES.
- 9. WHEN EXTRA-STRENGTH FILTER FABRIC AND CLOSER POST SPACING ARE USED, THE WIRE MESH SUPPORT FENCE MAY BE ELIMINATED. IN SUCH A CASE, THE FILTER FABRIC IS STAPLED OR WIRED DIRECTLY TO THE POSTS.
- 10. THE TRENCH SHALL BE BACKFILLED AND THE SOIL COMPACTED OVER THE TOE OF THE FILTER FABRIC.
- 11. SEDIMENT FENCES PLACED AT THE TOE OF A SLOPE SHALL BE SET AT LEAST 6 FEET FROM THE TOE IN ORDER TO INCREASE PONDING VOLUME.
- 12. SEDIMENT FENCES SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN THEY HAVE SERVED THEIR USEFUL PURPOSE, BUT NOT BEFORE THE UPSLOPE AREA HAS BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED AND ANY SEDIMENT STORED BEHIND THE SEDIMENT FENCE HAS BEEN REMOVED.

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE:

- 1. SEDIMENT FENCES AND FILTER BARRIERS SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AFTER EACH SIGNIFICANT STORM (0.25 INCH IN 24 HOUR). ANY REQUIRED REPAIRS SHALL BE MADE IMMEDIATELY.
- 2. SEDIMENT SHOULD BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES 1/3 HEIGHT OF THE FENCE OR 9 INCHES MAXIMUM.
- 3. THE REMOVED SEDIMENT SHALL CONFORM WITH THE EXISTING GRADE AND BE VEGETATED OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED.





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FIVER DESIGN GROUP

DATUM: NAD 83
PROJECTION: MT SP
UNITS: US FOOT

DATA SOURCES:

BMP DETAILS

PROJE

ZENS RESTORATION LOLO, MONTANA

CREEK.

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DRAWN BY: GEUM AND RDG
DESIGNED BY: GEUM AND RDG
DATE: NOVEMBER 2020

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MATERIALS LIST	UNITS	ESTIMATED QUANTITY
WOOD		
CATEGORY 1 WOOD (12"-18" x 25')	EACH	48
CATEGORY 2 WOOD (6"-12" x 10-12')	EACH	4,130
CATEGORY 3 WOOD (<3" x 8-12')	EACH	8,357
WOODEN POST	EACH	170
ROCK		
CATEGORY 1 ROCK (12"-18")	CUBIC YARD	919
NATIVE ALLUVIUM (8" MINUS)	CUBIC YARD	1,975
GRAVEL/COBBLE/MUD	CUBIC YARD	68
OTHER		
WILLOW CUTTINGS (0.25-1" x 8')	EACH	36,149
CONTAINERIZED PLANTS	EACH	500
NATIVE SEED	POUNDS	25

DATUM: NAD 83

PROJECTION: MT SP

UNITS: US FOOT

DATA SOURCES:

MATERIALS AND QUANTITIES

LOLO CREEK - ZENS RESTORATION PROJECT LOLO, MONTANA

DRAWN BY: GEUM AND RDG
DESIGNED BY: GEUM AND RDG
DATE: NOVEMBER 2020

SHEET

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LOLO CREEK ZENS RESTORATION PROJECT COST ESTIMATE

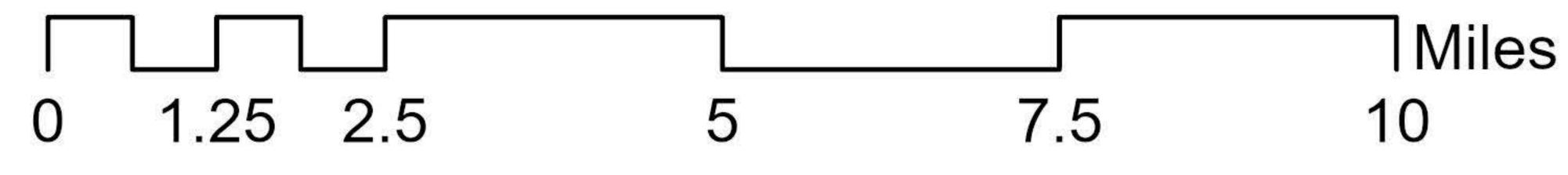


Prepared by A. Sacry (Geum) and J. Muhlfeld (River Design Group), 11/5/2020

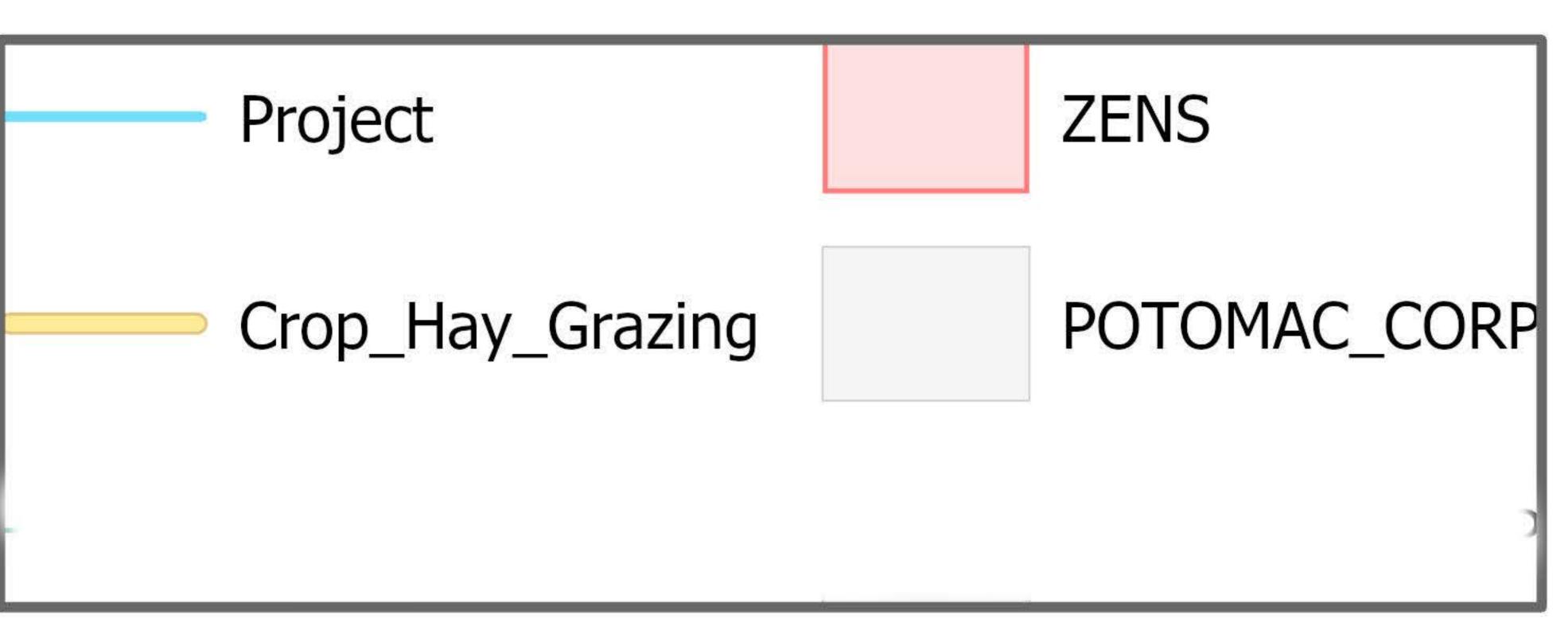
		Estimated	Estimated Unit	Total Estimated
ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COSTS	Unit	Quantity	Cost	Cost
Mobilization, GPS Equipment, Crew Per Diem	lump sum	1	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00
2. Clear and Grub	lump sum	1	\$2,500.00	\$2,500.00
3. Clearwater Diversions, Water Management, BMPs	lump sum	1	\$2,500.00	\$2,500.00
4. Salvage, Preserve and Transplant Existing Vegetation	lump sum	1	\$2,500.00	\$2,500.00
5. Construct and Improve Roads and Staging Areas	lump sum	1	\$1,500.00	\$1,500.00
6. Construct Channel Streambed Station 3+00 to 14+00, 22+00 to 27+00	linear feet	1,600	\$40.00	\$64,000.00
7. Shape and Enhance Channel Streambed Station 14+00 to 22+00	linear feet	800	\$22.00	\$17,600.00
8. Furnish Wood	lump sum	1	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00
9. Furnish Streambed and Streambank Alluvium (On Site)	cubic yard	1,958	\$20.00	\$39,160.00
10. Furnish Rock (12-18")	cubic yard	919	\$15.00	\$13,785.00
11. Construct Side Channels	linear feet	1,348	\$3.00	\$4,044.00
12. Construct Large Wood Structures	each	8	\$1,250.00	\$10,000.00
13. Construct Woody Debris Matrix Streambank Treatment Type 1	linear feet	1,988	\$20.00	\$39,760.00
14. Construct Woody Debris Matrix Streambank Treatment Type 2	linear feet	1,348	\$12.00	\$16,176.00
15. Construct Woody Debris Matrix Streambank Treatment Type 3	linear feet	1,390	\$3.00	\$4,170.00
16. Beaver Dam Analogs in Side Channels	each	17	\$150.00	\$2,550.00
17. Willow Cuttings	each	35,000	\$0.25	\$8,750.00
18. Floodplain Treatment (topography, woody debris, willow trenches)	acres	2.74	\$1,500.00	\$4,110.00
19. Wetland Enhancement	acres	2.55	\$1,500.00	\$3,825.00
20. Seeding	acres	5	\$100.00	\$500.00
21. Containerized Plant Installation	each	500	\$8.50	\$4,250.00
				\$271,680.00
Construction Management (7.5% of estimated Total Construction Cost)	lump sum	1	\$20,376.00	\$20,376.00
	TOTAL Estimated Construction Cost			\$292,056.00

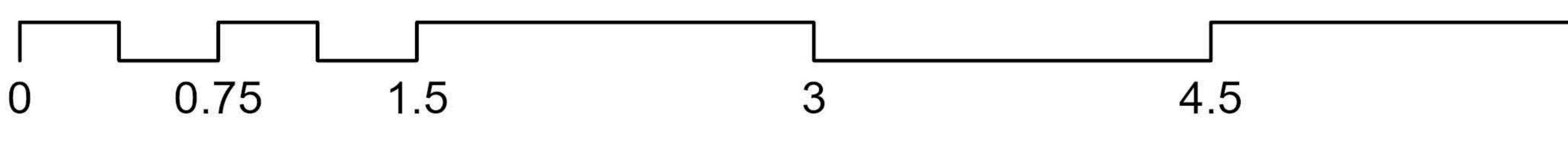


Grazing and Crops Along Streambanks in Middle Lolo Creek









Crop and Grazing Along
Streambanks
in Middle Lolo Creek

Sources:

USGS The National Map:Orthoimagery
MTDEQ Watershed Protection Section
Cadastral
Map Created by Heather Brighton
Lolo Creek Watershed Group